

JavaScript: Using the console Object ... by Fred Brack

```
// console.log methods; cut-and-paste to test; use Ctrl-Shift-I or -K to see the console
console.clear();
console.time("Whole Program"); // start a named timer
console.info("This is an informational message: we just started a timer");
console.debug("This is a debug message");
console.warn("This is a warning message");
console.error("This is an error message");
console.assert(false,"This message appears only when the assertion is false");
console.group("console.log/table demo:");
const person1 = {firstName:"Fred",lastName:"Brack"};
const person2 = {firstName:"Kathy",lastName:"Brack"};
console.info("The two 'person' properties will be displayed individually");
console.log(person1); // this will just identify person contents, not property name
console.log(person2);
console.info("But you could put header text on the console.log line");
console.log("Person 1: ",person1);
console.info("Or you could use the dir method to display person1");
console.dir(person1);
console.info("Displaying the properties within an object gives more detail");
console.log({person1,person2}); // this will name the 'person' property first
console.info("And here is how the object looks when presented in table format");
console.table([person1,person2]); // this will name the 'person' variable first
console.groupEnd();
console.info("You can also apply CSS formatting to text using %c");
console.info("This is %cIMPORTANT!","color:yellow; background-color:red");
console.info("The following console options are not demonstrated:");
console.info(" count, countReset, dirxml, groupCollapsed, timeLog, trace; %d, $f, %i, %o, %s");
console.info("Note, however, that trace is useful within a function for determining how you got there");
console.info("and count is useful to determine how many times you entered a function");
console.timeEnd("Whole Program");
//END - Fred Brack, fbrack@bracksco.com, last updated Sep 13, 2020
```

```
Console was cleared.

⚠ Timer "Whole Program" already exists.

 ⓘ This is an informational message: we just started a timer
 ⚠ This is a warning message
 ⓘ ▶ This is an error message
 ⓘ Assertion failed: This message appears only when the assertion is false

▼ console.log/table demo:
 ⓘ The two 'person' properties will be displayed individually
   ▶ Object { firstName: "Fred", lastName: "Brack" }
   ▶ Object { firstName: "Kathy", lastName: "Brack" }
 ⓘ But you could put header text on the console.log line
   Person 1: ▶ Object { firstName: "Fred", lastName: "Brack" }
 ⓘ Or you could use the dir method to display person1
   ▼ {...}
     ▌ firstName: "Fred"
     ▌ lastName: "Brack"
     ▶ <prototype>: Object { ... }
 ⓘ Displaying the properties within an object gives more detail
   ▶ Object { person1: {...}, person2: {...} }
 ⓘ And here is how the object looks when presented in table format
   console.table()
    (index)          firstName          lastName
    0                Fred              Brack
    1                Kathy             Brack

 ⓘ You can also apply CSS formatting to text using %
 ⓘ This is IMPORTANT!
 ⓘ The following console options are not demonstrated:
 ⓘ count, countReset, dirxml, groupCollapsed, timeLog, trace; %d, $f, %i, %o, %s
 ⓘ Note, however, that trace is useful within a function for determining how you got there
 ⓘ and count is useful to determine how many times you entered a function
 Whole Program: 658135ms - timer ended
» |
```